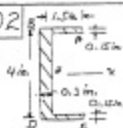


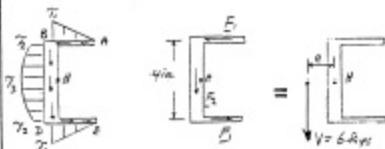
5.102



$$I_y = 2 \left[\frac{1}{12} (4)(0.3)^3 + (4)(0.3)(2)^2 \right] + \frac{1}{12} (0.3)(4)^3$$

$$I_y = 3.90 \text{ in}^4$$

$$V = 6 \text{ kip}$$



$$\Sigma M_x = \Sigma M_y; F_1(4 \text{ in.}) = Vx$$

$$\text{Corner B: } Q_y(4 \text{ in.} + 0.15 \text{ in.})(2 \text{ in.}) = 0.45 \text{ in}^3$$

$$T_1 = \frac{VQ_y}{I_y} = \frac{(6 \text{ kip})(0.45 \text{ in}^3)}{(3.90 \text{ in}^4)(0.15 \text{ in.})} = 5.293 \text{ ksi}$$

$$T_2 = \frac{VQ_y}{I_y} = \frac{(6 \text{ kip})(0.45 \text{ in}^3)}{(3.90 \text{ in}^4)(0.3 \text{ in.})} = 2.65 \text{ ksi}$$

$$\text{Flange H: } Q_y = Q_0 + (2 \text{ in.})(0.3 \text{ in.})(2 \text{ in.}) = 1.05 \text{ in}^3$$

$$T_3 = T_2 = \frac{VQ_y}{I_y} = \frac{(6 \text{ kip})(1.05 \text{ in}^3)}{(3.90 \text{ in}^4)(0.3 \text{ in.})} = 4.17 \text{ ksi}$$

$$F_1 = \frac{1}{2} T_1 (4 \text{ in.} + 0.15 \text{ in.}) = \frac{1}{2} (5.293 \text{ ksi})(4.15 \text{ in.}) = 5.955 \text{ lb}$$

$$\text{Eq. (1): } (5.955 \text{ lb})(4 \text{ in.}) = (6000 \text{ lb})x$$

$$x = 0.397 \text{ in.}$$

5.113

MOMENTS OF INERTIA

$$I_y = (\text{rect})^3$$

$$I_y = I_y$$

$$I_y = \frac{1}{2} I_y = \pi r^2 z^2$$

$$I_y = \frac{1}{2} \pi a^2 z^2$$

$$dF = T \sin \theta$$

$$= T(z \sin \theta)$$

$$\rightarrow \Sigma M_C = \Sigma M_C: \int_0^{\pi} a dF = Vx$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} a^2 T \sin \theta d\theta = Vx; \quad x = \frac{a^2 T}{V} \int_0^{\pi} \sin \theta d\theta$$

$$dA = z \sin \theta dz$$

$$dQ = (z \sin \theta)(z \sin \theta dz)$$

$$Q = \int_0^{\pi} z^2 \sin^2 \theta dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} z^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$T = \frac{VQ}{I_y} = \frac{V z^2 \sin^2 \theta}{\frac{1}{2} \pi z^2} = \frac{2V}{\pi} \sin^2 \theta$$

SUBSTITUTE INTO EQU. (1):

$$x = \frac{a^2 T}{V} \int_0^{\pi} \sin^2 \theta dz = \frac{2a^2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin^2 \theta dz$$

$$x = \frac{2a^2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin^2 \theta dz = \frac{2a^2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) = \frac{a^2}{\pi}$$

6.2

$$30 \Delta A \sin 40^\circ + 40 \Delta A \cos 40^\circ + 30 \Delta A \cos 40^\circ \sin 40^\circ + 30 \Delta A \sin 40^\circ \cos 40^\circ = 0$$

$$\Delta = -6.07 \text{ MPa}$$

$$+\circlearrowleft \Sigma F_y = 0: \Delta A + 30 \Delta A \sin^2 40^\circ - 30 \Delta A \cos^2 40^\circ - 40 \Delta A \cos 40^\circ \sin 40^\circ = 0$$

$$\Delta = 30 (\cos^2 40^\circ - \sin^2 40^\circ) + 40 \cos 40^\circ \sin 40^\circ$$

$$\Delta = 24.9 \text{ MPa} \leq 50^\circ$$

6.12

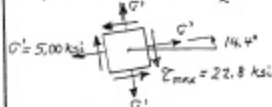
$$\sigma_x = +16 \text{ ksi}, \sigma_y = -6 \text{ ksi}, \sigma_z = -20 \text{ ksi}$$

$$(a) \text{ Eq. (6.15): } \tan 2\theta_p = -\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2\tau_{xy}} = -\frac{16 - (-6)}{2(-10)} = +0.550$$

$$2\theta_p = 28.81^\circ \text{ and } 208.81^\circ \quad \theta_p = +14.4^\circ \text{ and } +104.4^\circ$$

$$(b) \text{ Eq. (6.16): } \sigma_{\max} = \frac{16 + (-6)}{2} + (-10) = 22.8 \text{ ksi}$$

$$(c) \text{ Eq. (6.17): } \sigma' = \sigma_{\max} = \frac{16 - (-6)}{2} = +5.00 \text{ ksi}$$



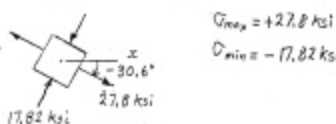
6.8

$$\sigma_x = +16 \text{ ksi}, \sigma_y = -6 \text{ ksi}, \sigma_z = -20 \text{ ksi}$$

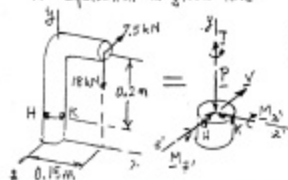
$$\text{Eq. (6.12): } \tan 2\theta_p = \frac{2\tau_{xy}}{\sigma_x - \sigma_y} = \frac{2(-10)}{16 - (-6)} = -1.818$$

$$2\theta_p = -61.2^\circ \text{ and } 118.8^\circ \quad \theta_p = -30.6^\circ \text{ and } +59.4^\circ$$

$$\text{Eq. (6.14): } \sigma_{\max, \min} = \frac{16 - 6}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{16 + 6}{2}\right)^2 + (-10)^2} = 5 \pm 22.82$$

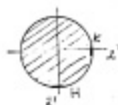


6.23 Force-couple system in section through H and equivalent to given force:



$$\begin{aligned}
 P &= 18 \text{ kN} \\
 T &= 7.5 \times 0.15 \\
 &= 1.125 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \\
 V &= 7.5 \text{ kN} \\
 M_H &= 7.5 \times 0.2 \\
 &= 1.5 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \\
 M_A &= 18 \times 0.15 \\
 &= 2.7 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Properties of section:



$$\begin{aligned}
 C &= 0.030 \text{ m}, \quad A = \pi C^2 = 2.8274 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2 \\
 I &= \frac{\pi}{4} C^4 = 0.63617 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^4 \\
 J &= 2I = 1.2723 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^4 \\
 Q &= \frac{\pi}{8} C^3 = 18.00 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3 \\
 e &= 2C = 0.060 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

(a) Stresses at H

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma_x &= 0, \quad \sigma_y = \frac{M_z \cdot c}{I} - \frac{P}{A} = \frac{1.500 \times 0.03}{0.63617 \times 10^{-6}} - \frac{18 \times 10^3}{2.8274 \times 10^{-3}} \\
 &= 70.734 \times 10^6 - 6.364 \times 10^6 = 64.370 \text{ MPa} \\
 \tau_{xy} &= \frac{VQ}{J} = \frac{1125 \times 0.03}{1.2723 \times 10^{-6}} = 26.517 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

Principal stresses:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Eq. (6.12): } \sigma_{\max, \min} &= \frac{64.370}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{64.370}{2}\right)^2 + (26.517)^2} \\
 &= 32.185 \pm 41.708 \\
 \sigma_{\max} &= 73.9 \text{ MPa}; \quad \sigma_{\min} = -9.52 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

Maximum shearing stress:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Eq. (6.14): } \tau_{\max} &= \sqrt{\left(\frac{64.370}{2}\right)^2 + (26.517)^2} \\
 \tau_{\max} &= 41.7 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) Stresses at K

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma_x &= 0, \quad \sigma_y = -\frac{M_z \cdot c}{I} - \frac{P}{A} = -\frac{2.700 \times 0.03}{0.63617 \times 10^{-6}} - \frac{18 \times 10^3}{2.8274 \times 10^{-3}} \\
 &= -127.324 \times 10^6 - 6.364 \times 10^6 = -133.690 \text{ MPa} \\
 \tau_{xy} &= \frac{VQ}{J} + \frac{VQ}{Ie} = 26.517 \times 10^6 + \frac{7500 \times 18 \times 10^{-3}}{(0.63617 \times 10^{-6})(0.060)} \\
 &= 26.517 \times 10^6 + 3.537 \times 10^6 = 30.054 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

Principal stresses:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Eq. (6.14): } \sigma_{\max, \min} &= \frac{-133.690}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{133.690}{2}\right)^2 + (30.054)^2} \\
 &= -66.845 \pm 75.195 \\
 \sigma_{\max} &= 6.45 \text{ MPa}; \quad \sigma_{\min} = -140.1 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

Maximum shearing stress:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Eq. (6.16): } \tau_{\max} &= \sqrt{\left(\frac{133.690}{2}\right)^2 + (30.054)^2} \\
 \tau_{\max} &= 73.3 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$