

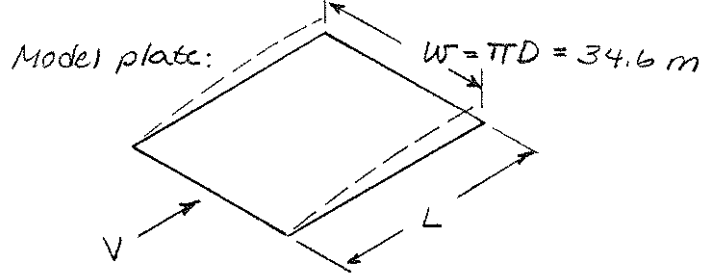
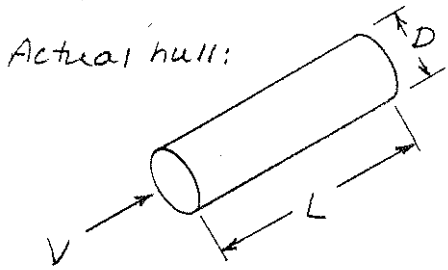
Problem 9.71

Given: Nuclear submarine, cruising submerged at $V = 27 \text{ kt}$.

Assume hull is a circular cylinder, $D = 11.0 \text{ m}$, and $L = 107 \text{ m}$.

- Find: (a) Estimate percentage of hull length with laminar BL.
 (b) Calculate drag due to skin friction.
 (c) Estimate power consumed

Solution: Treat hull as a flat plate with same wetted area.



Computing equations: $Re_{xt} = 500,000$ $C_D = \frac{0.455}{(\log_{10} Re_L)^{2.58}}$

For seawater, $\nu = 1.05 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$ (Table A.2), so ($T = 20^\circ\text{C}$)

$$Re_L = \frac{VL}{\nu} = 27 \frac{\text{nm}}{\text{hr}} \times 6076 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{nm}} \times 0.305 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{ft}} \times \frac{\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ s}} \times 107 \text{ m} \times \frac{\text{s}}{1.05 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2} = 1.42 \times 10^9$$

Thus $\frac{x_t}{L} = \frac{Re_{xt}}{Re_L} = \frac{500,000}{1.42 \times 10^9} = 3.52 \times 10^{-4}$ or $x_t = 0.0352\%$ of L ← %L

Neglect laminar BL; assume flow is completely turbulent.

$$C_D = \frac{0.455}{(\log_{10} Re_L)^{2.58}} = \frac{0.455}{(9.15)^{2.58}} = 0.00150 ; A = WL = 34.6 \text{ m} \times 107 \text{ m} = 3.70 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^2$$

$$q_f = \frac{1}{2} \rho V^2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 1025 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \left(\frac{27(6076)(0.305)}{3600} \right)^2 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \times \frac{\text{N/s}^2}{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}} = 99.0 \text{ kPa}$$

$$F_D = C_D q_f A = 0.00150 \times 99.0 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} \times 3.70 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^2 = 5.49 \times 10^5 \text{ N}$$
 ← F_D

$$P = F_D V = 5.49 \times 10^5 \text{ N} \times 27 \frac{\text{nm}}{\text{hr}} \times 6076 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{nm}} \times 0.305 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{ft}} \times \frac{\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ s}} = 7.63 \text{ MW}$$